

Sam F. Webb

Candidate for

State Senate

Subject to Democratic Primaries, Sept. 8. Twice Speaker of House of Representatives, also member of Council. Collector of Customs, District of Arizona, under Cleveland. Salt River Valley farmer; large taxpayer.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY SEPTEMBER 8, 1914



Candidate For

Member of the House of Representatives (Legislature)

Six members to be elected from Maricopa County.

Loren F. Vaughn

(Member of Democratic State Committee)



Thomas P. Walton

Candidate for Democratic Nomination

County Attorney

Vote for Him; He Stands For Impartial Law Enforcement

Maynard A. Frazier

National Bank of Arizona Building

Candidate for Member Lower House, State Legislature

Democratic Primary, September 8.

Laws few in number, plain and simple in language, and NO LAW that is not for the best interests of the PEOPLE of Arizona, and especially of Maricopa County



NOTE—I wish to apologize to those of the voters of the county whom I have not been able to see personally, and to explain that I have been so busy that it has been impossible for me to visit all parts of the county as I would have wished; and I hereby extend an invitation to all voters to call at my office for the purpose of discussing any matter.

Maynard A. Frazier.

YOUR SUPPORT WILL BE APPRECIATED

Guy D. Acuff

Candidate for the Democratic Nomination

House of Representatives

FROM MARICOPA COUNTY

Six Members Elected.

Primaries September 8, 1914



HARRY JOHNSON

Candidate For

STATE SENATOR

SEE LEGISLATIVE RECORD ON PAGE 10, FIRST SECTION

A. J. Moore

(JOHNNIE MOORE)

Republican Candidate For

Sheriff

A WORD TO VOTERS

Johnnie Moore has lived in Phoenix Thirty Years, and his record as a peace officer is an open book. He has nothing to conceal from the people whom he seeks to serve. He served as a guard at the territorial prison for more than a year beginning in 1901, after which he was appointed as a police officer in Phoenix, holding a deputy sheriff's commission under W. W. Cook. From 1907 until the city adopted the commission form of Government, he was chief of police. He courts an investigation of his record during that time and believes it will prove his worth to the people. If elected he pledges to be governed by the law and constitution in his official acts. A candidate for sheriff needs no platform. The law tells an executive what he must do. If you elect him as your next sheriff he promises to appoint the best force of deputies that his good judgment can suggest. He says, "I am in earnest in my desire to be your next sheriff, and if you impose this confidence in me, I will serve you faithfully and honestly."

To the Voters of East Side, Justice Precinct:

I have tried since my announcement for the office of Constable to see each one of you. If I have failed to meet any one, I hope that this notice will be ample. On the day of election I will be unable to pay auto hire to the polls. If my opponent should offer to take you to the polls, go, by all means, but when you get into the booth be sure and look for the name of J. I. Bates and cast your vote for him, and I assure you that I will appreciate your vote and give you good service as an officer.

Respectfully, J. I. BATES,

Candidate for Constable, East Side Precinct

Instructions to Voters

General State Primary Election, September 8, 1914

Any person desiring to vote shall give his name and residence to the judges of the primary, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in a loud and distinct tone of voice, and if such name be found upon the precinct register by the officers having charge thereof, or if he shall have produced and filed with the election board a certificate, as provided by law, entitling him to vote, he shall likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to enter the space enclosed by the guardrail. The Clerk shall thereupon place his name and number upon the poll list. Whereupon the voter shall announce the name of the political party for which he desires to vote, and one of the judges designated by the primary board shall give the voter one and only one ticket of such party to be cast at such primary, in the upper right hand corner of the stub of which he shall have inscribed with pen and ink, the number upon the poll-list, and the voter's name shall be immediately

checked on the register. If any person desiring to vote at any primary shall be challenged, he shall not receive a ticket until he has established his right to vote in the manner provided by law, but during the pendency of such challenge other voters shall be given tickets and permitted to vote.

To vote for a person whose name is printed on the ticket, mark a cross "X" in the square at the right of the person for whom you desire to vote.

To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ticket, write his name in the blank space provided for that purpose and mark a cross "X" in the square at the right.

Should any elector be unable on account of his physical disability to mark his ballot, he may request the Board of Election to mark his ballot in accordance with his wishes.

If the voter spoils a ballot, he may return the same to the ballot clerk and obtain another, but he shall not so return and receive more than three (3) of such ballots.

J. B. ROACH

GLENDAL DISTRICT

Candidate for County

SUPERVISOR

Subject to Democratic Primary, September 8

Resident of Maricopa County for twenty-four years. Heavy taxpayer. Has never before asked people for any office.

As to my executive ability, I point with some pride to my record as a suffrage worker. I have been actively engaged in the work for seventeen years, and for seven years have been chairman of the state central committee, under whose supervision our campaign was financed and carried forward to such a successful termination two years ago. The Arizona campaign stands at the head of the list of all suffrage campaigns whether successful or not as being the most economically conducted and the only one in which there was no friction in the state organization.

My training has been largely in the business world, and I am proud of being able to call myself a business woman. I have given much study to the financial condition of our state, and I see no reason why our per capita debt, which is the largest of any state in the union with the exception of Massachusetts, cannot be materially reduced in a few years if careful provision is made through legislative enactment.

If elected, I promise to serve without fear or favor, and with careful and conscious regard for the best interests of my constituents.

FRANCES WILLARD MUNDs.

Prescott, Arizona.

In Securing Statehood for Arizona I Secured For the People the Right to Name Their Chief Executive

Ralph H. Cameron

Under this vested right I am asking the voters of Arizona, as candidate of the Republican Party, for their support of my candidacy for the office of governor.

IF ELECTED I PROMISE

An administration along purely business lines. The total elimination of extravagance in government. Intelligent and competent heads in every department of the State administration. To be the true servant of all the people regardless of their political belief. To faithfully enforce the laws of the State. To bring added prosperity and renewed confidence in the State we all love—ARIZONA.

Primary Election Sept. 8—General Election November 3.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE

Robert A. Watkins

PLATFORM:

Minimum Wage Law Respecting Girls and Women—Washington's law fixes a minimum wage at \$9 per week for laundry workers. Massachusetts' Commission says \$8.71 is actually necessary for decent living in that state.

Many girls in Arizona are working for \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6 per week. We propose a thorough investigation and the fixing of a minimum wage for women at a figure upon which one may at least live in decency.

Labor Commissioner—

His duties would be chiefly that of a statistician. Also that of arbiter in incipient labor disputes. There is no question about the importance and need of this officer.

Memorial to Congress for National Woman's Suffrage—Good Government—the best that enlightened conscience may devise.

I have lived in the west twelve years, in Arizona ten years, and in Phoenix eight years. Married here and will raise my two boys here. Lived and worked as a boy on the farm; and after coming to the Salt River Valley dairied for one year, selling the milk at retail throughout Phoenix; so, I feel that I understand something of the needs of the farmer. For the past several years have been busily engaged in building up a printing business in Phoenix—working six men today. Have been instrumental in bringing a score of my near relatives out from the east, as well as many friends. Have always been a Democrat. I do not need the job of Legislator, but feel that the job needs me. At least, if elected, I will use my most earnest endeavor to serve the public.

REMEMBER—There are six members to be elected. If you think I am entitled to be one of the six, look away down at the bottom of the list of Legislators and mark an X opposite the name of

ROBERT A. WATKINS.

TO THE VOTER OF EAST PHOENIX JUSTICE PRECINCT

The time for the Primary Election on September 8th is very near, and the work in my office, for the past few weeks has been so pressing that I either had to neglect that or fail to make a thorough canvass among the voters of said Precinct.

The Six years I have been in office, I have performed the duties without partiality or prejudice and my record is before you, and upon that I earnestly solicit your support in both the Primary and General Elections, to be held on September 8th and November 3rd, 1914.

During my term of office, I have tried 4216 criminal cases, and 516 civil cases. I cannot call upon all you personally without neglecting the duties of my office, and I take this method of soliciting your support.

Sincerely yours, P. P. PARKER.



MRS. FRANCES W. MUNDs
Democratic Candidate For State Senator from Yavapai County

According to the findings of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, which is composed of representatives of organizations engaged in research work in every part of the globe, the state of Colorado has the best laws pertaining to women and children of any political subdivision in the world. The laws governing women and children in Arizona are not vicious in any way, but they are by no means ideal. It is my ambition to help make them so, and to this end I earnestly solicit the support of the men and women voters at the coming election.

It has been objected by some that it is too soon after our enfranchisement for the women to enter the political arena. In reply will say that it is never too early to begin a task, and that the granting of the ballot to the women in Arizona set for us a task, no thinking man or woman can doubt.

As to my fitness for the position which I seek, I will say that I have given the greater part of my time and thought for a number of years to the study of state and municipal problems, and I have very definite ideas as to how many of the conditions which we greatly deplore may be remedied.